

## +3.3V Programmable LVDS Transmitter 24-Bit Flat Panel Display Link-87.5 MHz

Check for Samples: DS90C385A

## **FEATURES**

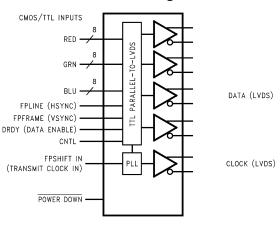
- Pin-to-Pin Compatible to DS90C383, DS90C383A and DS90C385
- No Special Start-Up Sequence Required between Clock/Data and /PD Pins. Input Signals (Clock and Data) can be Applied Either Before or After the Device is Powered.
- Support Spread Spectrum Clocking up to 100kHz Frequency Modulation and Deviations of ±2.5% Center Spread or -5% Down Spread
- "Input Clock Detection" Feature Will Pull All LVDS Pairs to Logic Low When Input Clock is Missing and When /PD Pin is Logic High
- 18 to 87.5 MHz Shift Clock Support
- Tx Power Consumption < 147 mW (typ) at 87.5MHz Grayscale
- Tx Power-Down Mode < 60 μW (typ)
- Supports VGA, SVGA, XGA, SXGA(Dual Pixel), SXGA+(Dual Pixel), UXGA(Dual Pixel).
- Narrow Bus Reduces Cable Size and Cost
- Up to 2.45 Gbps Throughput
- Up to 306.25Megabyte/sec Bandwidth
- 345 mV (typ) Swing LVDS Devices for Low EMI
- PLL Requires No External Components
- Compliant to TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- Low Profile 56-lead TSSOP Package

## DESCRIPTION

The DS90C385A is a pin to pin compatible replacement for DS90C383, DS90C383A and DS90C385. The DS90C385A has additional features and improvements making it an ideal replacement for DS90C383, DS90C383A and DS90C385. family of LVDS Transmitters.

The DS90C385A transmitter converts 28 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data into four LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. A phase-locked transmit clock is transmitted in parallel with the data streams over the fifth LVDS link. Every cycle of the transmit clock 28 bits of input data are sampled and transmitted. At a transmit clock frequency of 87.5 MHz, 24 bits of RGB data and 3 bits of LCD timing and control data (FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY) are transmitted at a rate of 612.5Mbps per LVDS data channel. Using a 87.5 MHz clock, the data throughput 306.25Mbytes/sec. This transmitter can be is programmed for Rising edge strobe or Falling edge strobe through a dedicated pin. A Rising edge or Falling edge strobe transmitter will interoperate with a Falling edge strobe FPDLink Receiver without any translation logic.

This chipset is an ideal means to solve EMI and cable size problems associated with wide, high-speed TTL interfaces with added Spread Spectrum Clocking support.



#### Block Diagram

Figure 1. DS90C385A

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## DS90C385A

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These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

U						
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )		-0.3V to +4V				
CMOS/TTL Input Voltage	-0.5V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)					
LVDS Driver Output Voltage	LVDS Driver Output Voltage					
LVDS Output Short Circuit Duration		Continuous				
Junction Temperature		+150°C				
Storage Temperature		-65°C to +150°C				
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 4 seconds)		+260°C				
Maximum Package Power Dissipation Capacity at 25°C	TSSOP Package	1.63 W				
Package Derating		12.5 mW/°C above +25°C				
ESD Rating	HBM, 1.5kΩ, 100pF	7kV				
	EIAJ, 0Ω, 200 pF	500V				
Latch Up Tolerance at 25°C		±100mA				

 "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be ensured. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Electrical Characteristics" specify conditions for device operation.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

	Min	Nom	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operating Free Air Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	-10	+25	+70	°C
Supply Noise Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )			200	mV <sub>PP</sub>
TxCLKIN frequency	18		87.5	MHz

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#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
LVCMOS/	LVTTL DC SPECIFICATIONS						
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage			2.0		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage		0		0.8	V	
V <sub>CL</sub>	Input Clamp Voltage	I <sub>CL</sub> = -18 mA		-0.79	-1.5	V	
I <sub>IN</sub>	Input Current	$V_{IN} = 0.4V, 2.5V \text{ or } V_{CC}$			+1.8	+10	μA
		V <sub>IN</sub> = GND					
LVDS DC	SPECIFICATIONS	-					
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential Output Voltage	$R_L = 100\Omega$		250	345	450	mV
ΔV <sub>OD</sub>	Change in V <sub>OD</sub> between complimentary output states	-				35	mV
V <sub>OS</sub>	Offset Voltage (1)	_		1.13	1.25	1.38	V
ΔV <sub>OS</sub>	Change in V <sub>OS</sub> between complimentary output states	_				35	mV
l <sub>OS</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, R_{L} = 100\Omega$		-3.5	-5	mA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output TRI-STATE <sup>®</sup> Current	Power Down = $0V$ , V <sub>OUT</sub> = $0V$ or V <sub>CC</sub>			±1	±10	μA
TRANSM	TTER SUPPLY CURRENT						
ICCTW	Transmitter Supply Current,	$R_{L} = 100\Omega,$	f = 25 MHz		31	45	mA
	Worst Case	C <sub>L</sub> = 5 pF, Worst Case Pattern	f = 40 MHz		37	50	mA
		(Figure 2 Figure 4 ) "Typ" values are	f = 65 MHz		48	60	mA
		given for V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V and T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C, "Max" values are given for V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6V and T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C	f = 87.5 MHz		55	65	mA
ICCTG	Transmitter Supply Current,	$R_L = 100\Omega$ ,	f = 25 MHz		29	40	mA
	16 Grayscale	$C_{L} = 5 \text{ pF},$ 16 Grayscale Pattern	f = 40 MHz		33	45	mA
		(Figure 3 Figure 4 ) "Typ" values are	f = 65 MHz		39	50	mA
		given for $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ and $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ , "Max" values are given for $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ and $T_A = -10^{\circ}C$	f = 87.5 MHz		44	55	mA
ICCTZ	Transmitter Supply Current, Power Down	Power Down = Low Driver Outputs in TRI-STATE <sup>®</sup> under Po	ower Down Mode		17	150	μA

(1)  $V_{OS}$  previously referred as  $V_{CM}.$ 

### **Recommended Transmitter Input Characteristics**

#### Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TCIT	TxCLK IN Transition Time (Figure 6)	1.0		6.0	ns
TCIP	TxCLK IN Period (Figure 7)	11.42	Т	55.55	ns
TCIH	TxCLK IN High Time (Figure 7)	0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
TCIL	TxCLK IN Low Time (Figure 7)	0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
TXIT	TxIN , and PWR DOWN pin Transition Time	1.5		6.0	ns
TXPD	Minimum pulse width for PWR DOWN pin signal	1			us



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### **Transmitter Switching Characteristics**

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
LLHT	LVDS Low-to-High Transition Time (Figure 5)		0.75	1.4	ns	
LHLT	LVDS High-to-Low Transition Time (Figure 5)		0.75	1.4	ns	
TPPos0	Transmitter Output Pulse Position (Figure 13) <sup>(1)</sup>	f = 25MHz	-0.45	0	+0.45	ns
TPPos1	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	5.26	5.71	6.16	ns
TPPos2	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	10.98	11.43	11.88	ns
TPPos3	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	16.69	17.14	17.59	ns
TPPos4	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	22.41	22.86	23.31	ns
TPPos5	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	28.12	28.57	29.02	ns
TPPos6	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	33.84	34.29	34.74	ns
TPPos0	Transmitter Output Pulse Position (Figure 13) <sup>(1)</sup>	f = 40 MHz	-0.25	0	+0.25	ns
TPPos1	Transmitter Output Pulse Position		3.32	3.57	3.82	ns
TPPos2	Transmitter Output Pulse Position		6.89	7.14	7.39	ns
TPPos3	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	10.46	10.71	10.96	ns
TPPos4	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	14.04	14.29	14.54	ns
TPPos5	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	17.61	17.86	18.11	ns
TPPos6	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	21.18	21.43	21.68	ns
TPPos0	Transmitter Output Pulse Position (Figure 13) <sup>(1)</sup>	f = 65 MHz	-0.20	0	+0.20	ns
TPPos1	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	2.00	2.20	2.40	ns
TPPos2	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 2	-	4.20	4.40	4.60	ns
TPPos3	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 3	-	6.39	6.59	6.79	ns
TPPos4	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	8.59	8.79	8.99	ns
TPPos5	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	10.79	10.99	11.19	ns
TPPos6	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	12.99	13.19	13.39	ns
TPPos0	Transmitter Output Pulse Position (Figure 13) <sup>(1)</sup>	f = 87.5 MHz	-0.20	0	+0.20	ns
TPPos1	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	1.48	1.68	1.88	ns
TPPos2	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	3.16	3.36	3.56	ns
TPPos3	Transmitter Output Pulse Position		4.84	5.04	5.24	ns
TPPos4	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	6.52	6.72	6.92	ns
TPPos5	Transmitter Output Pulse Position	-	8.20	8.40	8.60	ns
TPPos6	Transmitter Output Pulse Position		9.88	10.08	10.28	ns
TSTC	Required TxIN Setup to TxCLK IN (Figure 7) at 85MHz		2.5			ns
тнтс	Required TxIN Hold to TxCLK IN (Figure 7) at 87.5 MHz		0.5			ns
TCCD	TxCLK IN to TxCLK OUT Delay. Measure from TxCLK IN edge to immediately crossing point of differential TxCLK OUT by following the positive TxCLK OUT. 50% duty cycle input clock is assumed. (Figure 8)	$T_A = -10^\circ$ , and 87.5MHz for "Min", $T_A = 70^\circ$ , and 25MHz for "Max", $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ , R_FB pin = VCC	3.086		7.211	ns
	Measure from TxCLK IN edge to immediately crossing point of differential TxCLK OUT by following the positive TxCLK OUT. 50% duty cycle input clock is assumed. (Figure 9)	$T_A = -10^\circ$ , and 87.5MHz for "Min", $T_A = 70^\circ$ , and 25MHz for "Max", $V_{CC} = 3.6V$ , R_FB pin = GND	2.868		6.062	ns

(1) The Minimum and Maximum Limits are based on statistical analysis of the device performance over process, voltage, and temperature ranges. This parameter is functionality tested only on Automatic Test Equipment (ATE).



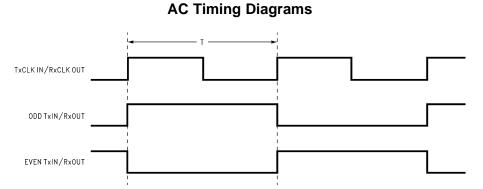
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### Transmitter Switching Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
SSCG Spread Spectrum Clock support; Modulation frequency with a linear profile. <sup>(2)</sup>	Spread Spectrum Clock support; Modulation frequency with a linear profile. <sup>(2)</sup>	f = 25 MHz		100kHz ±2.5%/-5%		
	f = 40 MHz		100kHz ±2.5%/-5%			
		f = 65 MHz		100kHz ±2.5%/-5%		
		f = 87.5 MHz		100kHz ±2.5%/-5%		
TPLLS	Transmitter Phase Lock Loop Set (Figure 10)				10	ms
TPDD	Transmitter Power Down Delay (Figure 12)				100	ns

(2) Care must be taken to ensure TSTC and THTC are met so input data are sampling correctly. This SSCG parameter only shows the performance of tracking Spread Spectrum Clock applied to TxCLK IN pin, and reflects the result on TxCLKOUT+ and TxCLKOUT- pins.



- A. The worst case test pattern produces a maximum toggling of digital circuits, LVDS I/O and LVCMOS/LVTTL I/O.
- B. Figure 2 and Figure 3 show a falling edge data strobe (TxCLK IN/RxCLK OUT).

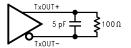
#### Figure 2. "Worst Case" Test Pattern

Device Pin Name Signal Signal Pattern Signal Frequency TxCLK IN/RxCLK OUT f TxIN0/RxOUT0 f/16 RO TxIN1/RxOUT1 f/8 R 1 TxIN2/RxOUT2 R2 f/4 TxIN3/RxOUT3 L f/2 R3 TxIN4/RxOUT4 R4 Steady State, Low TxIN5/RxOUT5 R7 Steady State, Low TxIN6/RxOUT6 R5 Steady State, Low TxIN7/RxOUT7 GO Steady State, Low TxIN8/RxOUT8 G 1 f/16 TxIN9/RxOUT9 G2 f/8 TxIN10/RxOUT10 G6 f/4 TxIN11/RxOUT11 G7 f/2 TxIN12/RxOUT12 G3 Steady State, Low TxIN13/RxOUT13 G4 Steady State, Low Steady State, Low TxIN14/RxOUT14 G5 TxIN15/Rx0UT15 BO Steady State, Low TxIN16/RxOUT16 B6 f/16 TxIN17/RxOUT17 B7 f/8 TxIN18/RxOUT18 B 1 f/4 TxIN19/RxOUT19 Β2 ∟ f/2 TxIN20/RxOUT20 Β3 Steady State, Low TxIN21/RxOUT21 Β4 Steady State, Low TxIN22/RxOUT22 Β5 Steady State, Low TxIN23/RxOUT23 RES Steady State, Low TxIN24/RxOUT24 HSYNC Steady State, High TxIN25/RxOUT25 VSYNC Steady State, High TxIN26/RxOUT26 EN Steady State, High TxIN27/RxOUT27 R6 Steady State, High

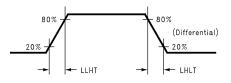
### AC Timing Diagrams (continued)

- A. The 16 grayscale test pattern tests device power consumption for a "typical" LCD display pattern. The test pattern approximates signal switching needed to produce groups of 16 vertical stripes across the display.
- B. Figure 2 and Figure 3 show a falling edge data strobe (TxCLK IN/RxCLK OUT).
- C. Recommended pin to signal mapping. Customer may choose to define differently.





#### Figure 4. DS90C385A (Transmitter) LVDS Output Load. 5pF is showed as board loading





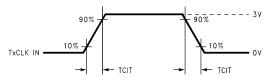


Figure 6. DS90C385A (Transmitter) Input Clock Transition Time

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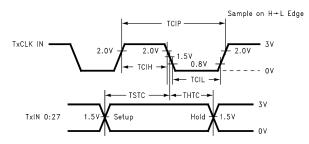
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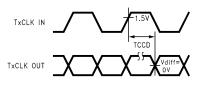
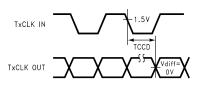


Figure 8. DS90C385A (Transmitter) Clock In to Clock Out Delay with R\_FB pin = VCC



### Figure 9. DS90C385A (Transmitter) Clock In to Clock Out Delay with R\_FB pin = GND

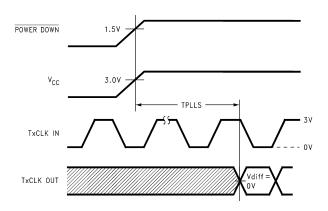


Figure 10. DS90C385A (Transmitter) Phase Lock Loop Set Time

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AC Timing Diagrams (continued)

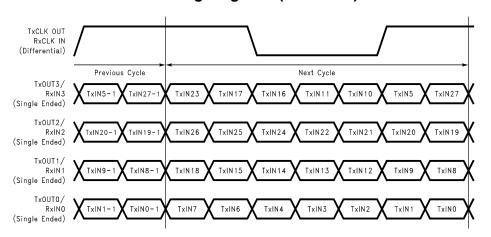


Figure 11. 28 Parallel TTL Data Inputs Mapped to LVDS Outputs - DS90C385A

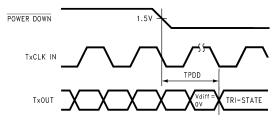


Figure 12. Transmitter Power Down Delay

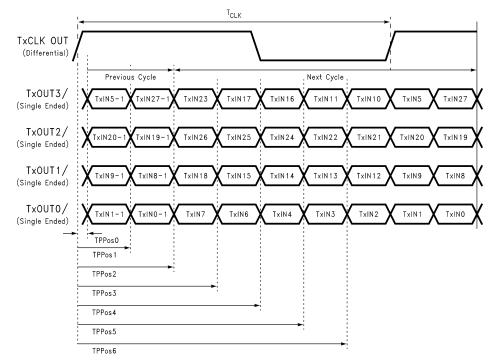


Figure 13. Transmitter LVDS Output Pulse Position Measurement - DS90C385A

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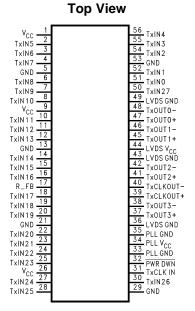


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#### DS90C385A DGG (TSSOP) Package Pin Descriptions — FPD Link Transmitter

Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description
TxIN	I	28	LVTTL level input. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 4 control lines—FPLINE, FPFRAME and DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable).
TxOUT+	0	4	Positive LVDS differential data output.
TxOUT-	0	4	Negative LVDS differential data output.
TxCLKIN	I	1	LVTTL level clock input. Pin name TxCLK IN.
R_FB	I	1	LVTTL level programmable strobe select (See Table 1).
TxCLK OUT+	0	1	Positive LVDS differential clock output.
TxCLK OUT-	0	1	Negative LVDS differential clock output.
PWR DOWN	I	1	LVTTL level input. When asserted (low input) TRI-STATE the outputs, ensuring low current at power down.
V <sub>CC</sub>	I	3	Power supply pins for LVTTL inputs.
GND	I	5	Ground pins for LVTTL inputs.
PLL V <sub>CC</sub>	I	1	Power supply pin for PLL.
PLL GND	I	2	Ground pins for PLL.
LVDS V <sub>CC</sub>	I	1	Power supply pin for LVDS outputs.
LVDS GND	I	3	Ground pins for LVDS outputs.

## Pin Diagram for TSSOP Package



#### Order Number DS90C385AMT DGG Package



### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

The DS90C385A is backward compatible with the DS90C385, DS90C383A, DS90C383 in TSSOP 56-lead package, and it is a pin-for-pin replacements.

This device DS90C385A also features reduced variation of the TCCD parameter which is important for dual pixel applications. (See AN-1084)

This device may also be used as a replacement for the DS90CF583 (5V, 65MHz) and DS90CF581 (5V, 40MHz) FPD-Link Transmitters with certain considerations/modifications:

- 1. Change 5V power supply to 3.3V. Provide this 3.3V supply to the V<sub>CC</sub>, LVDS V<sub>CC</sub> and PLL V<sub>CC</sub> of the transmitter.
- 2. The DS90C385A transmitter input and control inputs accept 3.3V LVTTL/LVCMOS levels. They are not 5V tolerant.
- 3. To implement a falling edge device for the DS90C385A, the R\_FB pin may be tied to ground OR left unconnected (an internal pull-down resistor biases this pin low). Biasing this pin to Vcc implements a rising edge device.

#### TRANSMITTER INPUT PINS

The TxIN and control input pins are compatible with LVCMOS and LVTTL levels. These pins are not 5V tolerant.

#### TRANSMITTER INPUT CLOCK/DATA SEQUENCING

Unlike the DS90C385, DS90C(F)383A/363A, the DS90C385A does not require any special requirement for sequencing of the input clock/data and PD (PowerDown) signal. The DS90C385A offers a more robust input sequencing feature where the input clock/data can be inserted after the release of the PD signal. In the case where the clock/data is stopped and reapplied, such as changing video mode within Graphics Controller, it is not necessary to cycle the PD signal. However, there are in certain cases where the PD may need to be asserted during these mode changes. In cases where the source (Graphics Source) may be supplying an unstable clock or spurious noisy clock output to the LVDS transmitter, the LVDS Transmitter may attempt to lock onto this unstable clock signal but is unable to do so due the instability or quality of the clock source. The PD signal in these cases should then be asserted once a stable clock is applied to the LVDS transmitter. Asserting the PWR DOWN pin will effectively place the device in reset and disable the PLL, enabling the LVDS Transmitter into a power saving standby mode. However, it is still generally a good practice to assert the PWR DOWN pin or reset the LVDS transmitter whenever the clock/data is stopped and reapplied but it is not mandatory for the DS90C385A.

#### SPREAD SPECTRUM CLOCK SUPPORT

The DS90C385A can support Spread Spectrum Clocking signal type inputs. The DS90C385A outputs will accurately track Spread Spectrum Clock/Data inputs with modulation frequencies of up to 100kHz (max.)with either center spread of  $\pm 2.5\%$  or down spread -5% deviations.

#### POWER SOURCES SEQUENCE

In typical applications, it is recommended to have  $V_{CC}$ , LVDS  $V_{CC}$  and PLL  $V_{CC}$  from the same power source with three separate de-coupling bypass capacitor groups. There is no requirement on which VCC entering the device first.

### Typical Application

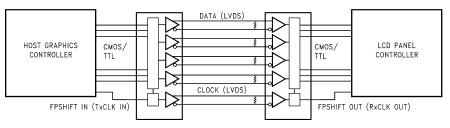


Figure 14. Typical Application



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## Table 1. Truth Table – Programmable Transmitter (DS90C385A)

Pin	Condition	Strobe Status										
R_FB	$R_FB = V_{CC}$	Rising edge strobe										
R_FB	R_FB = GND or NC	Falling edge strobe										

## **REVISION HISTORY**

CI	hanges from Revision J (April 2013) to Revision K P	age
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	. 11



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# PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
DS90C385AMT/NOPB	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	34	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-10 to 70	DS90C385AMT	Samples
DS90C385AMTX/NOPB	ACTIVE	TSSOP	DGG	56	1000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-10 to 70	DS90C385AMT	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW**: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

<sup>(5)</sup> Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

<sup>(6)</sup> Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

10-Dec-2020

## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

Texas Instruments

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All	dimensions	are	nominal
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Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
DS90C385AMTX/NOPB	TSSOP	DGG	56	1000	330.0	24.4	8.6	14.5	1.8	12.0	24.0	Q1



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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
DS90C385AMTX/NOPB	TSSOP	DGG	56	1000	367.0	367.0	45.0



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## TUBE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	Τ (μm)	B (mm)
DS90C385AMT/NOPB	DGG	TSSOP	56	34	495	10	2540	5.79

# **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

# **DGG0056A**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice. 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not

- exceed 0.15 mm per side. 4. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



# DGG0056A

# **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

5. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

6. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



# DGG0056A

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## TSSOP - 1.2 mm max height

SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 7. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 8. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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